

**Profile of the
Physiotherapist
Labourforce in NSW, 1999**

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Profile of the Physiotherapist Workforce in NSW, 1999

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1

INTRODUCTION

The annual physiotherapist labourforce survey

Introduction

Each year, as part of the annual registration process for physiotherapists in NSW, an Annual Labourforce Survey is sent to each physiotherapist currently registered with the Physiotherapists Registration Board of New South Wales. This report provides an overview of information from the 1999 workforce survey.

Response rates to the survey have returned to high levels, from the rate of 94.0% in 1996, to 85.1% in 1997, 80.5% for 1998 and up to 92.9% in 1999. The continued support of the Physiotherapists Registration Board of New South Wales, professional organisations and physiotherapists participating in the survey is appreciated.

Availability of survey information

The previous summary of the Annual Survey data was produced in 1998, entitled "Physiotherapy Labourforce Annual Survey, New South Wales, 1998". This profile reproduces the same data as for 1998, with the addition of data from a question on waiting times first introduced in 1999. Additional survey analysis data such as additional cross tabulations can be obtained by forwarding a written request to the contact address in the front of the publication. Contact should be made to clarify the information required and to determine if a fee may apply. A charging policy is available on request.

Strict procedures are followed to ensure the privacy of individual physiotherapists who respond to the Survey. There is no access to identifying data, as individual names and addresses are not provided by the Board on the data file. Survey information will not be made available in any format that enables the identification of individual respondents.

Methodology

Timing of the 1999 Survey

Information from the 1999 Annual Labourforce Survey relates to the 1999 registration renewal period. Renewal notices and surveys were forwarded in July 1999 to physiotherapists registered with the Physiotherapists Registration Board of New South Wales at that time. The renewal fee was due by the end of November in order for the physiotherapist to be retained on the register, as non-financial physiotherapists had their status altered by Board consent in mid December. Survey respondents completed the survey with information about their usual working situation at that time. Information regarding the registration status of physiotherapists was provided by the Board which related to the period from February 1999 to January 2000.

Labourforce Survey coverage

Information from the Annual Labourforce Survey does not cover all registered physiotherapists in NSW. Only those registrants renewing their registration are forwarded a survey form. This excludes:

- **New registrants:** New registrants include new local graduates, interstate graduates and overseas trained physiotherapists registering for the first time with the NSW Board who have had their qualifications recognised in NSW. These persons will normally not receive the labourforce survey, but some new registrants may receive the survey form if they also renew in the same financial year.
- **Restorations:** Restorations are persons who have been restored to the register after a period in which they were not financial. These persons will not normally receive the annual survey, although some physiotherapists are restorations simply due to late payment and may have returned a survey form.
- **Prior Payments:** persons who have paid for several years' registration in advance. These persons will normally only receive the labour force survey in the first year they are listed as prior payment.
- **Registration status pending:** generally persons due for renewal between July and December who have not re-registered by the end of the survey period. These persons will most likely appear as deletions or restorations in the following year.

Care should be taken when interpreting this data as some individual physiotherapists may be included in more than one of the categories during the twelve month period.

Figures have not been adjusted for non-response

Data in this publication have not been adjusted for unknown information (both survey non-response and registration data such as year of birth). When interpreting the tables, consideration should be given to the impact of unknown data:

- The absence of data due to non-response results in an under-representation of the size of the workforce in individual tables.
- The labour force characteristics of non-respondents may differ from the characteristics of survey respondents (for example, respondents may be more likely than non-respondents to be in the workforce). Weighting the survey data according to non-response alone may result in an over-estimation or under-estimation in some categories.
- The labour force characteristics of physiotherapists who are not part of the survey target group (that is, new registrants and restorations) may differ from the characteristics of the survey population.

Calculating total unknown data for the survey

In determining the total unknown data for a particular question, consideration should be given to:

- **Unknown data for the question or questions comprising the table**, as indicated at the foot of each table. This may also include information that is unknown due to registration data (eg, year of birth) being unavailable from the Board.
- **Non-response to any filtering questions**. Data on second job will be affected by the lack of the explicit question “Do you have a 2nd job?” The number of persons with second jobs has been estimated from the highest response to any one question (Table 3.28: Service or business employed or self-employed in - second job, n=639) and used to estimate unknown data in relevant questions.
- **Non-response to the survey**. Survey response rates are presented in Table 1.1.

It should be noted that limitations in the survey data prevent a distinction between non-response and alternatives such as “no”, “other” or “zero”. Information regarding this is noted at the foot of the relevant tables.

Conventions used in this publication

Throughout this publication, figures within the tables may not add to the total shown where it has been necessary to round numbers. Percentages printed as 0.0 may denote less than 0.05%.

Italics are used to report unknown data.

- is used in place of zero (0).

Bold is used to indicate a total or subtotal.

— denotes not applicable.

n/a denotes data is not available.

Category of Physiotherapist Registration

In 1999, there were 5,444 physiotherapists financially registered with the Physiotherapists Registration Board of NSW, an increase of 404 on 1998. Of these, 4,219 (77.5%) were female and 1,225 (22.5%) were male. Table 1.1 provides an overview of the number of physiotherapists in each category of registration.

Table 1.1: Persons registered as Physiotherapists in NSW, 1999

Category of registration	Female		Male		Total	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
New registrants	373	77.2%	110	22.8%	483	100.0%
Renewals	3,867	77.9%	1,094	22.1%	4,961	100.0%
Prior payments	19	76.0%	6	24.0%	25	100.0%
Restorations	55	74.3%	19	25.7%	74	100.0%
Registration status pending	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Del	27		6		33	

Note: 1 The table includes information on physiotherapists who were financial with the Board during 1999. Some physiotherapists are included in more than one category during the twelve month period.

Response rate to Labourforce Annual Survey

The response rate to the 1999 Physiotherapy Labourforce Annual Survey was 92.9 per cent, an increase from the 1997 and 1998 response rates.

Table 1.2: Response Rate to Physiotherapy Annual Labour Force Survey, 1999

	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
	1996		1997		1998		1999	
Formal response rate								
Survey respondents ¹								
who were renewals ²	4,106		3,742		3,730		4608	
Total renewals ²	4,369	94.0%	4,396	85.1%	4,634	80.5%	4961	92.9%

- Notes:**
1. A "survey respondent" is strictly defined in this context as a renewal who provides information to the question on working status. 222 persons provided some information on other questions only. 131 did not have any survey data.
 2. "Renewal" is strictly defined in this context as a person recorded as renewing their registration with no other actions recorded (eg, restoration, deletion). New registrants and restorals do not receive the workforce survey. This renewals group represents those persons who unambiguously received the survey and could have returned it on payment.

Determining the response rate to the survey is complicated by the relationship between the survey and the renewal process. While new registrants and restorations do not generally receive the survey, some may if they also receive a renewal notice within the twelve month survey period. Additionally, some persons sent renewal notices do not renew their registration and therefore do not return surveys. All survey responses from financially registered physiotherapists are presented in Tables 1.3 and 1.4. Tables 3.1 to 3.42 describe the working renewals cohort only.

Work Status

Table 1.3: Work status of Physiotherapy Labourforce Survey respondents¹, NSW, in 1999

Work Status	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	%
	Female		Male		Total		Female
Working in physiotherapy							
Only in NSW	2,530	67.1%	766	72.1%	3,296	68.2%	76.8%
Mainly in other states, but also in NSW	32	0.8%	13	1.2%	45	0.9%	71.1%
Mainly in NSW, but also in other states	27	0.7%	20	1.9%	47	1.0%	57.4%
Only in states other than NSW	62	1.6%	32	3.0%	94	1.9%	66.0%
Overseas	218	5.8%	115	10.8%	333	6.9%	65.5%
In NSW, but on extended leave	67	1.8%	5	0.5%	72	1.5%	93.1%
Not Working in physiotherapy							
Currently not working, and not looking for work	449	11.9%	18	1.7%	467	9.7%	96.1%
Currently not working, but looking for work	59	1.6%	6	0.6%	65	1.3%	90.8%
In paid work but not in physiotherapy	165	4.4%	24	2.3%	189	3.9%	87.3%
Work Status Unknown							
Non-response to survey question ²	159	4.2%	63	5.9%	222	4.6%	71.6%
Total	3,768	100.0%	1,062	100.0%	4,830	100.0%	78.0%

- Notes:**
1. 4851 survey responses were received. Of these 4,830 were for registered physiotherapists. 1e: 31 individuals returned survey forms, but did not renew their registration in 1999
 2. Survey respondents who were registered, but who did not provide information on their work status.

There were 3,415 working renewal survey respondents in 1999. Working renewals are those respondents who:

- Were financially registered and renewed their registration in 1999 (with no period not financial during the year)
- Returned a labourforce survey indicating their work status; and
- Indicated that their work status was one of the following three categories:
 - Working in physiotherapy only in NSW
 - Working in physiotherapy mainly in NSW, but also in other states
 - Working in physiotherapy in NSW, but on extended leave (see Table 1.3)

Physiotherapists seeking work

Table 1.4: Nature of work sought by physiotherapists who were not working in physiotherapy, but were seeking work in 1999

Nature of work sought	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	%
	Female		Male		Total		Female
Looking for work other than in physiotherapy	160	74.1%	23	76.7%	183	74.4%	87.4%
Looking for work in physiotherapy							
- either full time or part time	11	5.1%	4	13.3%	15	6.1%	73.3%
- full time	2	0.9%	2	6.7%	4	1.6%	50.0%
- part time	43	19.9%	1	3.3%	44	17.9%	97.7%
Total	216	100.0%	30	100.0%	246	100.0%	87.8%
<i>Non-response:</i>	8	3.6%	0	0.0%	8	3.1%	

Note: Table includes only those survey respondents in table 1.3 who indicated that they were not currently working but looking for work, or currently working but not in physiotherapy (n = 254)

Estimating Workforce Size

The 1999 Profile of the Medical Workforce in NSW (NSW Health Department, 1999) estimated the size of the medical workforce in New South Wales, using the following approach:

- Assume the proportion of survey respondents working in NSW represents the proportion of all renewals working in NSW (74.1% for physiotherapists in 1999)
- Assume 90% of new registrants are working in NSW
- Assume 80% of other registrants are working in NSW (excluding deletions)

This results in 3,677 working renewals, 435 working new registrants, and 79 working registrants in other categories, with a total estimated workforce size of 4,191 physiotherapists.

Estimating Full-Time Equivalent Workforce (FTE)

The numbers of hours worked by physiotherapists on average per week for all jobs together (see Table 3.26) can be converted to full-time equivalents (FTEs) which becomes a measure of the productive workforce. This is shown in Table 3.22, where the total hours worked by physiotherapists in each age and hours worked group are divided by 35 to calculate the FTE workforce. Thirty five hours is used as the measure of full time work based on labourforce definitions developed by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

A ratio of FTEs to the total headcount workforce can then be calculated, to determine the relative productivity of the workforce.

Table 22 has not been adjusted to the estimated size of the workforce accounting for non response. The FTE ratio of 0.989 applied to the estimated workforce size of 4,191 headcount results in an estimated FTE workforce of 4,145 FTE physiotherapists.

2

PHYSIOTHERAPISTS WORKING IN NSW

This section documents the number and characteristics of physiotherapists working in NSW.

- From 1998 to 1999, the NSW physiotherapist workforce is estimated to have grown from a headcount of 3,814 to 4,191 (after adjusting for non response, see Section 1, p.5, "Estimating Workforce Size"). This represents an increase of 9.9% over the year. This growth may be a high estimate, due to the lower response rate in 1998 affecting the estimate of workforce size in that year.
- Workforce participation rates for physiotherapists in NSW increased very slightly between 1998 and 1999 (from 73.8% to 74.1%).
- The proportion of women in the physiotherapist workforce is 76.7%, with a greater proportion of males in younger age groups. Some 49.7% or just on half of the female workforce were aged under 40, while 74.7% or just on three quarters of males were under forty years in 1999. However, women are greater in numbers in all age groups, varying from 100% of all physiotherapists in the 70 to 74 age group, to the lowest proportion of 60.2% for those under 25 years.
- Some 55.5% of the workforce are aged under forty years, 27.4% are aged 40 to 49 years, 12.6% are aged 50 to 59 years, and 4.5% of the workforce are 60 years and older. This indicates a young workforce overall, with the modal age range being 30 to 34 years (ie the age range with the greatest number of working physiotherapists).
- Some 5.8% of physiotherapists working in NSW are also registered interstate, with the highest proportion being registered in Queensland (1.9%), followed by Victoria (1.4%).
- Some 93.8% of the workforce are clinical physiotherapists in their main job, with 2.7% working as managers, 2.0% as teachers/educators, 0.6% as researchers, and 0.9% in other positions. This varies with the second job, with 68.9% working as clinical physiotherapists, 8.7% working as managers, 15.2% as teachers/educators, 4.6% as researchers, and 2.6% in other positions
- Just on sixty percent of the workforce are in salaried positions in their main job (59.9%), with 38.8% of the total workforce being salaried in the public sector and 21.1% being salaried in the private sector. Just over one quarter or 27.3% had their own practice in a main job, while another 2.1% had their own practice and other arrangements. Some 7.7% had either fee-for-service or sessional arrangements or both in other accommodation, while 3.2% worked as locums. This again varied with the second job, with 44.5% of the workforce in salaried positions in their second job, with only 21.8% of the total workforce being salaried in the public sector and 22.7% being salaried in the private sector. Some 15.2% had their own practice in a second job, while another 6.4% had their own

practice and other arrangements. Some 26.1% had either fee-for-service or sessional arrangements or both in other accommodation, while 6.0% worked as locums in their second job.

- The public sector accounted for 44.6% of physiotherapists in 1999 in their main job, indicating that some of these arrangements are not on a salaried basis. Over one half or 55.4% work in the private sector in their main job. Some 28.3% of the total workforce worked in public hospitals, 3.5% in public sports centres/clinics, 2.5% in public nursing homes and long stay facilities, 2.4% in the school system, 42.9% in private rooms or medical centres, and 5.4% in private hospitals.
- The public sector accounts for 34.3% of physiotherapists in 1999 in their second job, while almost two thirds or 65.7% work in the private sector in their second job.
- Some 49.0% of physiotherapists reported working part time in their **main job** (hours worked less than 35 hours per week). Women were more likely to work part time than men (57.7% of women compared with 20.3% of men). Some 99.2% of physiotherapists reported working part time in their **second job** (hours worked less than 35 hours per week). Some 44.6% of physiotherapists reported working part time in their **total job hours** (hours worked less than 35 hours per week). Women were more likely to work part time than men (53.5% of women compared with 15.4% of men).
- The full time equivalent physiotherapist workforce (FTE workforce) consists of 3,285.5 FTE (see Table 3.22) from the 3,322 physiotherapists who provided data on their hours worked (Table 3.26). Therefore the proportion of the FTE workforce of 98.9% compared to total numbers indicates that there is almost a one to one relationship. This is due to the number of physiotherapists who work 35 hours or greater contributing more to the productive workforce than those working less than 35 hours. Women were 2,320.7 FTE (70.6% of the FTE workforce) and men 964.8 (29.4%), indicating that the greater hours worked by males result in their higher productivity rates (males were 23.3% of the headcount workforce).
- The highest number of physiotherapists worked in musculoskeletal/orthopaedics in the previous month to the survey (n=1,259) followed by sports physiotherapy (n=876), general physiotherapy (n=758) and rehabilitation services (n=752).
- In 1999, the main job for 82.9% of physiotherapists was located in Metropolitan Area Health Services, with 67.4% in Metropolitan Sydney and 15.5% in other major Metropolitan areas. Northern Sydney was the main job location for 20.2% of physiotherapists with South Eastern Sydney having 18.0%. Rural Area Health services were the main job location for 17.0% of physiotherapists, with Northern Rivers having the highest proportion in a rural area at 4.2%. The distribution is similar for a second job.
- Some 11% of physiotherapists worked predominantly with children and adolescents 18 years and younger, 34% mainly with adult clients 19 to 64 years, 16.3% with the aged (65 years and older), and 37.3% with mixed age groups. English was the predominant language spoken for 96.4% of physiotherapists, with 1.9% using Cantonese and 1.8% using Chinese in client consultations.

3

LABOURFORCE TABLES

Table 3.1 Age and sex distribution of physiotherapists working in NSW, 1999

Age group	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
20-24	124	82	4.8%	10.5%	206	6.1%		60.2%	
25-29	390	180	15.1%	23.0%	570	16.9%		68.4%	
30-34	404	186	15.6%	23.7%	590	17.5%		68.5%	
35-39	368	137	14.2%	17.5%	505	15.0%		72.9%	
40-44	467	109	18.1%	13.9%	576	17.1%		81.1%	
45-49	298	49	11.5%	6.3%	347	10.3%		85.9%	
50-54	226	20	8.7%	2.6%	246	7.3%		91.9%	
55-59	165	12	6.4%	1.5%	177	5.3%		93.2%	
60-64	85	2	3.3%	0.3%	87	2.6%		97.7%	
65-69	31	3	1.2%	0.4%	34	1.0%		91.2%	
70-74	13	-	0.5%	0.0%	13	0.4%		100.0%	
75+	13	4	0.5%	0.5%	17	0.5%		76.5%	
Total	2,584	784	100.0%	100.0%	3,368	100.0%		76.7%	
<i>Unknown¹</i>	40	7	1.5%	0.9%	47	1.4%			

¹ Dates of birth not recorded in data received from Board database. Includes 9 physiotherapists whose date of birth is recorded as being between 1981 and 1995

Table 3.2: Present place of residence of physiotherapists working in NSW, 1999

Age group	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
New South Wales	2,580	780	98.8%	99.0%	3,360	98.9%		76.8%	
Australia (not NSW)	27	7	1.0%	0.9%	34	1.0%		79.4%	
Overseas	4	1	0.2%	0.1%	5	0.1%		80.0%	
Total	2,611	788	1.2%	1.0%	3,399	1.1%		76.8%	
<i>Non response</i>	13	3	0.5%	0.4%	16	0.5%			

Table 3.3: Resident status of physiotherapists working in NSW, 1999

Residential Status	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
Australian Citizen	2,460	747	94.2%	94.8%	3,207	94.4%		76.7%	
Not an Australian Citizen									
Permanent resident	122	38	4.7%	4.8%	160	4.7%		76.3%	
Not permanent resident	25	-	1.0%	0.0%	25	0.7%		100.0%	
Not stated	4	3	0.2%	0.4%	7	0.2%		57.1%	
Total	2,611	788	100.0%	100.0%	3,399	100.0%		76.8%	
<i>Non-response:</i>	13	3	0.5%	0.4%	16	0.5%			

Table 3.4: Physiotherapists working in NSW with registration to work as a physiotherapist in other states of Australia, 1999

	No.	% of respondents
Not registered interstate	3206	94.2%
Registered interstate	197	5.8%
Total	3403	100.0%
<i>Non-response:</i>	12	0.4%
Registered in Victoria	47	1.4%
Registered in Queensland	64	1.9%
Registered in South Australia	12	0.4%
Registered in Western Australia	11	0.3%
Registered in Tasmania	3	0.1%
Registered in Northern Territory	6	0.2%
Registered in Australian Capital Territory	15	0.4%

NB: Individual survey respondents may be included in more than one of the above categories.

Table 3.5: Nature of work in physiotherapy, main job - physiotherapists working in NSW, 1999

Nature of work - 1st job	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female		Male		Total				
Clinical physiotherapist	2,368	93.0%	742	96.4%	3,110	93.8%		76.1%	
Manager/administrator	74	2.9%	14	1.8%	88	2.7%		84.1%	
Teacher/educator	56	2.2%	10	1.3%	66	2.0%		84.8%	
Researcher	19	0.7%	2	0.3%	21	0.6%		90.5%	
Other	28	1.1%	2	0.3%	30	0.9%		93.3%	
Total	2,545	100.0%	770	100.0%	3,315	100.0%		76.8%	
<i>Non-response:</i>	79	3.0%	21	2.7%	100	2.9%			

Table 3.6: Nature of work in physiotherapy, second job - physiotherapists working in NSW, 1999

Nature of work - 2nd job	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female		Male		Total				
Clinical physiotherapist	307	69.1%	97	68.3%	404	68.9%		76.0%	
Manager/administrator	36	8.1%	15	10.6%	51	8.7%		70.6%	
Teacher/educator	70	15.8%	19	13.4%	89	15.2%		78.7%	
Researcher	23	5.2%	4	2.8%	27	4.6%		85.2%	
Other	8	1.8%	7	4.9%	15	2.6%		53.3%	
Total	444	100.0%	142	100.0%	586	100.0%		75.8%	
<i>Non-response:</i>	45	9.2%	8	5.3%	53	8.3%			

Table 3.7: Main work locations, main job - Physiotherapists working in NSW, 1999

Main work locations - main job	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
Own practice	563	317	22.8%	41.8%	880	27.3%		64.0%	
Own practice + sessional elsewhere	15	10	0.6%	1.3%	25	0.8%		60.0%	
Own practice + fee-for-service elsewhere	18	10	0.7%	1.3%	28	0.9%		64.3%	
elsewhere	6	7	0.2%	0.9%	13	0.4%		46.2%	
Sessional appointments not at own rooms	50	12	2.0%	1.6%	62	1.9%		80.6%	
Fee-for-service not at own rooms	92	25	3.7%	3.3%	117	3.6%		78.6%	
Sessional appointments and fee-for-service not at own rooms	52	12	2.1%	1.6%	64	2.0%		81.3%	
Salaried physiotherapist in public sector	1,041	208	42.2%	27.4%	1249	38.8%		83.3%	
Salaried physiotherapist in private sector	540	141	21.9%	18.6%	681	21.1%		79.3%	
Locum - regular location	45	7	1.8%	0.9%	52	1.6%		86.5%	
Locum - various locations	42	9	1.7%	1.2%	51	1.6%		82.4%	
Total	2,464	758	100.0%	100.0%	3222	100.0%		76.5%	
<i>Non-response:</i>	160	33	6.1%	4.2%	193	5.7%			

Table 3.8: Main work locations, second job - Physiotherapists working in NSW, 1999

Main work locations - second job	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
Own practice	65	22	15.0%	15.8%	87	15.2%		74.7%	
Own practice + sessional elsewhere	10	4	2.3%	2.9%	14	2.4%		71.4%	
Own practice + fee-for-service elsewhere	8	7	1.8%	5.0%	15	2.6%		53.3%	
elsewhere	8	-	1.8%	0.0%	8	1.4%		100.0%	
Sessional appointments not at own rooms	35	9	8.1%	6.5%	44	7.7%		79.5%	
Fee-for-service not at own rooms	57	20	13.1%	14.4%	77	13.4%		74.0%	
service not at own rooms	19	8	4.4%	5.8%	27	4.7%		70.4%	
Salaried physiotherapist in public sector	98	27	22.6%	19.4%	125	21.8%		78.4%	
Salaried physiotherapist in private sector	96	34	22.1%	24.5%	130	22.7%		73.8%	
Locum - regular location	25	5	5.8%	3.6%	30	5.2%		83.3%	
Locum - various locations	13	3	3.0%	2.2%	16	2.8%		81.3%	
Total	434	139	100.0%	100.0%	573	100.0%		75.7%	
<i>Non-response:</i>	55	11	11.2%	7.3%	66	10.3%			

Table 3.9: Average hours worked in previous month in manipulative physiotherapy in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total			
1-9	36	9	10.9%	3.9%	45	8.1%	80.0%		
10-19	50	41	15.2%	17.9%	91	16.3%	54.9%		
20-29	56	37	17.0%	16.2%	93	16.6%	60.2%		
30-39	43	24	13.0%	10.5%	67	12.0%	64.2%		
40-49	37	26	11.2%	11.4%	63	11.3%	58.7%		
50-59	16	11	4.8%	4.8%	27	4.8%	59.3%		
60-69	29	11	8.8%	4.8%	40	7.2%	72.5%		
>70	63	70	19.1%	30.6%	133	23.8%	47.4%		
Total	330	229	100.0%	100.0%	559	100.0%	59.0%		
<i>No hours reported</i>	2,294	562	87.4%	71.0%	2,856	83.6%			

Table 3.10: Average hours worked in previous month in neurology in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total			
1-9	50	15	26.9%	25.4%	65	26.5%	76.9%		
10-19	39	13	21.0%	22.0%	52	21.2%	75.0%		
20-29	26	5	14.0%	8.5%	31	12.7%	83.9%		
30-39	11	4	5.9%	6.8%	15	6.1%	73.3%		
40-49	13	7	7.0%	11.9%	20	8.2%	65.0%		
50-59	4	2	2.2%	3.4%	6	2.4%	66.7%		
60-69	8	-	4.3%	0.0%	8	3.3%	100.0%		
>70	35	13	18.8%	22.0%	48	19.6%	72.9%		
Total	186	59	100.0%	100.0%	245	100.0%	75.9%		
<i>No hours reported</i>	2,438	732	92.9%	92.5%	3,170	92.8%			

Table 3.11: Average hours worked in previous month in occupational health/ ergonomics in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total			
1-9	53	22	25.7%	21.4%	75	24.3%	70.7%		
10-19	57	27	27.7%	26.2%	84	27.2%	67.9%		
20-29	32	23	15.5%	22.3%	55	17.8%	58.2%		
30-39	14	6	6.8%	5.8%	20	6.5%	70.0%		
40-49	15	9	7.3%	8.7%	24	7.8%	62.5%		
50-59	4	4	1.9%	3.9%	8	2.6%	50.0%		
60-69	5	3	2.4%	2.9%	8	2.6%	62.5%		
>70	26	9	12.6%	8.7%	35	11.3%	74.3%		
Total	206	103	100.0%	100.0%	309	100.0%	66.7%		
<i>No hours reported</i>	2,418	688	92.1%	87.0%	3,106	91.0%			

Table 3.12: Average hours worked in previous month in sports physiotherapy in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total			
1-9	81	21	15.6%	5.9%	102	11.6%	79.4%		
10-19	107	74	20.7%	20.7%	181	20.7%	59.1%		
20-29	110	55	21.2%	15.4%	165	18.8%	66.7%		
30-39	43	30	8.3%	8.4%	73	8.3%	58.9%		
40-49	65	52	12.5%	14.5%	117	13.4%	55.6%		
50-59	23	19	4.4%	5.3%	42	4.8%	54.8%		
60-69	32	27	6.2%	7.5%	59	6.7%	54.2%		
>70	57	80	11.0%	22.3%	137	15.6%	41.6%		
Total	518	358	100.0%	100.0%	876	100.0%	59.1%		
<i>No hours reported</i>	2,106	433	80.3%	54.7%	2,539	74.3%			

Table 3.13: Average hours worked in previous month in women's health in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
1-9	80	39.2%	4	36.4%	84	39.1%			95.2%
10-19	59	28.9%	4	36.4%	63	29.3%			93.7%
20-29	23	11.3%	-	0.0%	23	10.7%			100.0%
30-39	12	5.9%	1	9.1%	13	6.0%			92.3%
40-49	9	4.4%	1	9.1%	10	4.7%			90.0%
50-59	1	0.5%	-	0.0%	1	0.5%			100.0%
60-69	3	1.5%	-	0.0%	3	1.4%			100.0%
>70	17	8.3%	1	9.1%	18	8.4%			94.4%
Total	204	100.0%	11	100.0%	215	100.0%			94.9%
<i>No hours reported</i>	2,420	92.2%	780	98.6%	3,200	93.7%			

Table 3.14: Average hours worked in previous month in rehabilitation in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
1-9	82	15.6%	26	11.4%	108	14.4%			75.9%
10-19	93	17.7%	54	23.7%	147	19.5%			63.3%
20-29	95	18.1%	53	23.2%	148	19.7%			64.2%
30-39	42	8.0%	22	9.6%	64	8.5%			65.6%
40-49	56	10.7%	28	12.3%	84	11.2%			66.7%
50-59	18	3.4%	7	3.1%	25	3.3%			72.0%
60-69	33	6.3%	11	4.8%	44	5.9%			75.0%
>70	105	20.0%	27	11.8%	132	17.6%			79.5%
Total	524	100.0%	228	100.0%	752	100.0%			69.7%
<i>No hours reported</i>	2,100	80.0%	563	71.2%	2,663	78.0%			

Table 3.15: Average hours worked in previous month in general physiotherapy in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
1-9	55	9.6%	18	9.7%	73	9.6%			75.3%
10-19	91	15.9%	31	16.7%	122	16.1%			74.6%
20-29	78	13.6%	24	12.9%	102	13.5%			76.5%
30-39	57	10.0%	20	10.8%	77	10.2%			74.0%
40-49	81	14.2%	30	16.1%	111	14.6%			73.0%
50-59	30	5.2%	11	5.9%	41	5.4%			73.2%
60-69	45	7.9%	15	8.1%	60	7.9%			75.0%
>70	135	23.6%	37	19.9%	172	22.7%			78.5%
Total	572	100.0%	186	100.0%	758	100.0%			75.5%
<i>No hours reported</i>	2052	78.2%	605	76.5%	2657	77.8%			

Table 3.16: Average hours worked in previous month in cardiopulmonary physiotherapy in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
1-9	94	29.7%	43	32.1%	137	30.4%			68.6%
10-19	55	17.4%	27	20.1%	82	18.2%			67.1%
20-29	36	11.4%	11	8.2%	47	10.4%			76.6%
30-39	25	7.9%	7	5.2%	32	7.1%			78.1%
40-49	24	7.6%	9	6.7%	33	7.3%			72.7%
50-59	9	2.8%	1	0.7%	10	2.2%			90.0%
60-69	19	6.0%	5	3.7%	24	5.3%			79.2%
>70	55	17.4%	31	23.1%	86	19.1%			64.0%
Total	317	100.0%	134	100.0%	451	100.0%			70.3%
<i>No hours reported</i>	2307	87.9%	657	83.1%	2964	86.8%			

Table 3.17: Average hours worked in previous month in musculoskeletal/ orthopaedics in main job

	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
	Female		Male		Total		Per cent female
1-9	68	8.0%	15	3.7%	83	6.6%	81.9%
10-19	118	13.8%	44	10.9%	162	12.9%	72.8%
20-29	110	12.9%	48	11.9%	158	12.5%	69.6%
30-39	81	9.5%	33	8.2%	114	9.1%	71.1%
40-49	94	11.0%	57	14.1%	151	12.0%	62.3%
50-59	38	4.4%	20	5.0%	58	4.6%	65.5%
60-69	65	7.6%	32	7.9%	97	7.7%	67.0%
>70	281	32.9%	155	38.4%	436	34.6%	64.4%
Total	855	100.0%	404	100.0%	1259	100.0%	67.9%
<i>No hours reported</i>	1769	67.4%	387	48.9%	2156	63.1%	

Table 3.18: Average hours worked in previous month in paediatric physiotherapy in main job

	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
	Female		Male		Total		Per cent female
1-9	60	19.8%	16	47.1%	76	22.6%	78.9%
10-19	45	14.9%	7	20.6%	52	15.4%	86.5%
20-29	26	8.6%	4	11.8%	30	8.9%	86.7%
30-39	13	4.3%	2	5.9%	15	4.5%	86.7%
40-49	21	6.9%	0	0.0%	21	6.2%	100.0%
50-59	14	4.6%	0	0.0%	14	4.2%	100.0%
60-69	20	6.6%	2	5.9%	22	6.5%	90.9%
>70	104	34.3%	3	8.8%	107	31.8%	97.2%
Total	303	100.0%	34	100.0%	337	100.0%	89.9%
<i>No hours reported</i>	2,321	88.5%	757	95.7%	3078	90.1%	

Table 3.19: Average hours worked in previous month in gerontology/geriatrics in main job

	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
	Female		Male		Total		Per cent female
1-9	42	11.4%	11	19.0%	53	12.4%	79.2%
10-19	73	19.8%	11	19.0%	84	19.7%	86.9%
20-29	43	11.7%	11	19.0%	54	12.7%	79.6%
30-39	43	11.7%	6	10.3%	49	11.5%	87.8%
40-49	42	11.4%	8	13.8%	50	11.7%	84.0%
50-59	15	4.1%	0	0.0%	15	3.5%	100.0%
60-69	31	8.4%	4	6.9%	35	8.2%	88.6%
>70	79	21.5%	7	12.1%	86	20.2%	91.9%
Total	368	100.0%	58	100.0%	426	100.0%	86.4%
<i>No hours reported</i>	2256	86.0%	733	92.7%	2989	87.5%	

Table 3.20: Average hours worked in previous month in other area in main job

	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
	Female		Male		Total		Per cent female
1-9	26	4.5%	1	0.5%	27	3.6%	96.3%
10-19	35	6.1%	12	6.5%	47	6.2%	74.5%
20-29	27	4.7%	2	1.1%	29	3.8%	93.1%
30-39	26	4.5%	5	2.7%	31	4.1%	83.9%
40-49	23	4.0%	2	1.1%	25	3.3%	92.0%
50-59	7	1.2%	2	1.1%	9	1.2%	77.8%
60-69	15	2.6%	2	1.1%	17	2.2%	88.2%
>70	67	11.7%	9	4.8%	76	10.0%	88.2%
Total	226	39.5%	35	18.8%	261	34.4%	86.6%
<i>No hours reported</i>	2,398	91.4%	756	95.6%	3,154	92.4%	

Table 3.21: Average total hours worked over month in physiotherapy in main job

Hours per month	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
1-9	38	1.6%	5	0.7%	43	1.4%			88.4%
10-19	120	5.2%	10	1.4%	130	4.3%			92.3%
20-29	118	5.1%	20	2.8%	138	4.6%			85.5%
30-39	155	6.7%	45	6.3%	200	6.6%			77.5%
40-49	232	10.0%	69	9.7%	301	10.0%			77.1%
50-59	97	4.2%	33	4.6%	130	4.3%			74.6%
60-69	189	8.2%	34	4.8%	223	7.4%			84.8%
70-79	75	3.2%	6	0.8%	81	2.7%			92.6%
80-89	162	7.0%	17	2.4%	179	5.9%			90.5%
90-99	144	6.2%	17	2.4%	161	5.3%			89.4%
100-109	76	3.3%	14	2.0%	90	3.0%			84.4%
110-119	32	1.4%	9	1.3%	41	1.4%			78.0%
120-129	142	6.1%	32	4.5%	174	5.8%			81.6%
130-139	40	1.7%	11	1.5%	51	1.7%			78.4%
140-149	79	3.4%	21	2.9%	100	3.3%			79.0%
150-159	143	6.2%	62	8.7%	205	6.8%			69.8%
160-169	314	13.6%	154	21.5%	468	15.5%			67.1%
170+	153	6.6%	156	21.8%	309	10.2%			49.5%
Total	2309	100.0%	715	100.0%	3024	100.0%			76.4%
<i>No hours reported</i>	315	12.0%	76	9.6%	391	11.4%			

Table 3.22: Estimated full-time equivalent physiotherapists in workforce using average hours worked per week

FTE by hours worked per week	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
1-9	28.3	1.2%	3.5	0.4%	31.8	1.0%			89.0%
10-19	214.6	9.2%	9.9	1.0%	224.5	6.8%			95.6%
20-29	284.8	12.3%	22.0	2.3%	306.8	9.3%			92.8%
30-39	557.4	24.0%	156.3	16.2%	713.8	21.7%			78.1%
40-49	727.2	31.3%	370.3	38.4%	1097.5	33.4%			66.3%
50-59	168.9	7.3%	203.4	21.1%	372.3	11.3%			45.4%
60-69	89.5	3.9%	107.3	11.1%	196.8	6.0%			45.5%
>70	249.9	10.8%	92.1	9.5%	342.1	10.4%			73.1%
Total	2320.7	100.0%	964.8	100.0%	3285.5	100.0%			70.6%
<i>No hours reported</i>	77	2.9%	16	2.0%	93	2.7%			

Note: Table 3.22 calculates the full-time equivalent (FTE) workforce assuming that 1 FTE works a 35 hour week. The total hours worked per week by the physiotherapist numbers in Table 3.26 are divided by 35 to calculate the FTE numbers.

Table 3.23: Total hours usually worked per week in physiotherapy - main job

Hours per week	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Total						
1-9	203	8.1%	20	2.6%	223	6.8%		91.0%	
10-19	572	22.7%	34	4.4%	606	18.5%		94.4%	
20-29	455	18.1%	47	6.1%	502	15.3%		90.6%	
30-34	222	8.8%	54	7.1%	276	8.4%		80.4%	
35-39	334	13.3%	121	15.8%	455	13.9%		73.4%	
40-49	555	22.1%	307	40.1%	862	26.3%		64.4%	
50-59	86	3.4%	114	14.9%	200	6.1%		43.0%	
60-69	34	1.4%	48	6.3%	82	2.5%		41.5%	
>70	54	2.1%	20	2.6%	74	2.3%		73.0%	
Total	2,515	100.0%	765	100.0%	3,280	100.0%		76.7%	
<i>No hours reported</i>	109	4.2%	26	3.3%	135	4.0%			

Table 3.24: Total hours usually worked per week in physiotherapy - 2nd job

Hours per week	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Total						
1-9	284	60.8%	67	44.7%	351	56.9%		80.9%	
10-19	153	32.8%	61	40.7%	214	34.7%		71.5%	
20-29	26	5.6%	17	11.3%	43	7.0%		60.5%	
30-34	3	0.6%	1	0.7%	4	0.6%		75.0%	
35-39	0	0.0%	2	1.3%	2	0.3%		0.0%	
40-49	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	
50-59	-	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	
60-69	-	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	
>70	1	0.2%	2	1.3%	3	0.5%		33.3%	
Total	467	100.0%	150	100.0%	617	100.0%		75.7%	
<i>No hours reported</i>	22	4.5%	0	0.0%	22	3.4%			

Table 3.25: Total hours usually worked per week in physiotherapy - additional jobs

Hours per week	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Total						
1-9	81	77.9%	26	65.0%	107	74.3%		75.7%	
10-19	13	12.5%	8	20.0%	21	14.6%		61.9%	
20-29	3	2.9%	0	0.0%	3	2.1%		100.0%	
30-34	2	1.9%	1	2.5%	3	2.1%		66.7%	
35-39	1	1.0%	1	2.5%	2	1.4%		50.0%	
40-49	2	1.9%	1	2.5%	3	2.1%		66.7%	
50-59	2	1.9%	2	5.0%	4	2.8%		50.0%	
60-69	0	0.0%	1	2.5%	1	0.7%		0.0%	
>70	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		0.0%	
Total	104	100.0%	40	100.0%	144	100.0%		72.2%	
<i>No hours reported</i>	2520	96.0%	751	94.9%	3271	95.8%			

Table 3.26: Total hours usually worked per week in physiotherapy - all jobs

Hours per week	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Total						
1-9	170	6.7%	22	2.8%	192	5.8%		88.5%	
10-19	527	20.7%	24	3.1%	551	16.6%		95.6%	
20-29	431	16.9%	33	4.3%	464	14.0%		92.9%	
30-34	234	9.2%	40	5.2%	274	8.2%		85.4%	
35-39	330	13.0%	114	14.7%	444	13.4%		74.3%	
40-49	616	24.2%	312	40.3%	928	27.9%		66.4%	
50-59	115	4.5%	138	17.8%	253	7.6%		45.5%	
60-69	51	2.0%	62	8.0%	113	3.4%		45.1%	
>70	73	2.9%	30	3.9%	103	3.1%		70.9%	
Total	2,547	100.0%	775	100.0%	3,322	100.0%		76.7%	
<i>No hours reported</i>	77	2.9%	16	2.0%	93	2.7%			

Table 3.27: Service or business employed or self-employed in - main job

Business/Service in main job	No.		%		No.		%	
	Female	Male	Total	Per cent Female				
Private sector								
Medical rooms/centre	986	38.7%	439	56.9%	1,425	42.9%	69.2%	
Hospital	156	6.1%	24	3.1%	180	5.4%	86.7%	
Nursing home/ long stay facility	44	1.7%	6	0.8%	50	1.5%	88.0%	
Community centre/ day centre/ health centre	69	2.7%	3	0.4%	72	2.2%	95.8%	
Domiciliary care service	8	0.3%	1	0.1%	9	0.3%	88.9%	
Physical/ developmental disability institution	16	0.6%	-	0.0%	16	0.5%	100.0%	
Tertiary education institution	15	0.6%	1	0.1%	16	0.5%	93.8%	
Sports centre/ clinic	13	0.5%	6	0.8%	19	0.6%	68.4%	
Industry	20	0.8%	6	0.8%	26	0.8%	76.9%	
School system	15	0.6%	7	0.9%	22	0.7%	68.2%	
Other	3	0.1%	1	0.1%	4	0.1%	75.0%	
Total private sector	1,345	52.8%	494	64.0%	1,839	55.4%	73.1%	
Public sector								
Hospital	746	29.3%	192	24.9%	938	28.3%	79.5%	
Nursing home/ long stay facility	88	3.5%	9	1.2%	97	2.9%	90.7%	
Community centre/ day centre/ health centre	45	1.8%	1	0.1%	46	1.4%	97.8%	
Domiciliary care service	50	2.0%	5	0.6%	55	1.7%	90.9%	
Physical/ developmental disability institution	40	1.6%	2	0.3%	42	1.3%	95.2%	
Tertiary education institution	30	1.2%	1	0.1%	31	0.9%	96.8%	
Government department/ organisation	36	1.4%	8	1.0%	44	1.3%	81.8%	
Defence forces	4	0.2%	2	0.3%	6	0.2%	66.7%	
Sports centre/ clinic	103	4.0%	13	1.7%	116	3.5%	88.8%	
School system	36	1.4%	45	5.8%	81	2.4%	44.4%	
Other	25	1.0%	-	0.0%	25	0.8%	100.0%	
Total public sector	1,203	47.2%	278	36.0%	1,481	44.6%	81.2%	
Total	2,548	100.0%	772	100.0%	3,320	100.0%	76.7%	
<i>Non-response:</i>	76	2.9%	19	2.4%	95	2.8%		

Table 3.28 Service or business employed or self-employed in - second job

Business/Service in second job	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	
Private sector									
Medical rooms/centre	162	69	33.1%	46.0%	231	36.2%	70.1%		
Hospital	52	11	10.6%	7.3%	63	9.9%	82.5%		
Nursing home/ long stay facility	16	2	3.3%	1.3%	18	2.8%	88.9%		
Community centre/ day centre/ health centre	42	3	8.6%	2.0%	45	7.0%	93.3%		
Domiciliary care service	7	1	1.4%	0.7%	8	1.3%	87.5%		
Physical/ developmental disability institution	12	1	2.5%	0.7%	13	2.0%	92.3%		
Tertiary education institution	6	2	1.2%	1.3%	8	1.3%	75.0%		
Sports centre/ clinic	4	6	0.8%	4.0%	10	1.6%	40.0%		
Industry	9	1	1.8%	0.7%	10	1.6%	90.0%		
School system	8	4	1.6%	2.7%	12	1.9%	66.7%		
Other	2	-	0.4%	0.0%	2	0.3%	100.0%		
Total private sector	320	100	65.4%	66.7%	420	65.7%	76.2%		
Public sector									
Hospital	74	22	15.1%	14.7%	96	15.0%	77.1%		
Nursing home/ long stay facility	7	1	1.4%	0.7%	8	1.3%	87.5%		
Community centre/ day centre/ health centre	14	1	2.9%	0.7%	15	2.3%	93.3%		
Domiciliary care service	12	0	2.5%	0.0%	12	1.9%	100.0%		
Physical/ developmental disability institution	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.0%		
Tertiary education institution	6	-	1.2%	0.0%	6	0.9%	100.0%		
Government department/ organisation	24	3	4.9%	2.0%	27	4.2%	88.9%		
Defence forces	4	1	0.8%	0.7%	5	0.8%	80.0%		
Sports centre/ clinic	11	4	2.2%	2.7%	15	2.3%	73.3%		
School system	10	15	2.0%	10.0%	25	3.9%	40.0%		
Other	7	3	1.4%	2.0%	10	1.6%	70.0%		
Total public sector	169	50	34.6%	33.3%	219	34.3%	77.2%		
Total	489	150	100.0%	100.0%	639	100.0%	76.5%		
<i>Non-response:</i>	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	-	0.0%			

Table 3.29: Home location of physiotherapists working in NSW, by Area Health Service

Home location	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	Per cent Female
	Female		Male		Total		
Health Service							
Central Coast	69	3.5%	41	6.4%	110	4.2%	62.7%
Central Sydney	171	8.6%	80	12.6%	251	9.6%	68.1%
Hunter	135	6.8%	53	8.3%	188	7.2%	71.8%
Illawarra	83	4.2%	36	5.7%	119	4.5%	69.7%
Northern Sydney	570	28.7%	104	16.4%	674	25.7%	84.6%
South Eastern Sydney	328	16.5%	114	17.9%	442	16.9%	74.2%
South Western Sydney	88	4.4%	38	6.0%	126	4.8%	69.8%
Wentworth	54	2.7%	24	3.8%	78	3.0%	69.2%
Western Sydney	127	6.4%	52	8.2%	179	6.8%	70.9%
Total Metropolitan Areas	1,625	81.9%	542	85.2%	2167	82.7%	75.0%
Far West	10	0.5%	1	0.2%	11	0.4%	90.9%
Greater Murray	64	3.2%	14	2.2%	78	3.0%	82.1%
Macquarie	14	0.7%	3	0.5%	17	0.6%	82.4%
Mid North Coast	39	2.0%	18	2.8%	57	2.2%	68.4%
Mid Western	53	2.7%	6	0.9%	59	2.3%	89.8%
New England	48	2.4%	6	0.9%	54	2.1%	88.9%
Northern Rivers	69	3.5%	34	5.3%	103	3.9%	67.0%
Southern	55	2.8%	10	1.6%	65	2.5%	84.6%
Total Rural Health Services	352	17.7%	92	14.5%	444	16.9%	79.3%
Interstate	7	0.4%	2	0.3%	9	0.3%	77.8%
Total	1984	100.0%	636	100.0%	2620	100.0%	75.7%
<i>Non response:</i>	640	24.4%	155	19.6%	795	23.3%	

Table 3.30: Work location of physiotherapists working in NSW, by Area Health Service - main job

Work location - main job	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	Per cent Female
	Female		Male		Total		
Health Service							
Central Coast	85	3.5%	46	6.2%	131	4.1%	64.9%
Central Sydney	186	7.6%	70	9.4%	256	8.0%	72.7%
Hunter	156	6.4%	61	8.2%	217	6.8%	71.9%
Illawarra	100	4.1%	48	6.4%	148	4.6%	67.6%
Northern Sydney	560	22.9%	86	11.5%	646	20.2%	86.7%
South Eastern Sydney	436	17.8%	138	18.5%	574	18.0%	76.0%
South Western Sydney	171	7.0%	81	10.9%	252	7.9%	67.9%
Wentworth	91	3.7%	29	3.9%	120	3.8%	75.8%
Western Sydney	232	9.5%	72	9.7%	304	9.5%	76.3%
Total Metropolitan Areas	2,017	82.4%	631	84.6%	2648	82.9%	76.2%
Far West	10	0.4%	1	0.1%	11	0.3%	90.9%
Greater Murray	78	3.2%	21	2.8%	99	3.1%	78.8%
Macquarie	22	0.9%	3	0.4%	25	0.8%	88.0%
Mid North Coast	46	1.9%	24	3.2%	70	2.2%	65.7%
Mid Western	60	2.5%	8	1.1%	68	2.1%	88.2%
New England	51	2.1%	9	1.2%	60	1.9%	85.0%
Northern Rivers	94	3.8%	39	5.2%	133	4.2%	70.7%
Southern	68	2.8%	10	1.3%	78	2.4%	87.2%
Total Rural Health Services	429	17.5%	115	15.4%	544	17.0%	78.9%
Interstate	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0.0%
Total	2447	100.0%	746	100.0%	3193	100.0%	76.6%
<i>Non response:</i>	177	6.7%	45	5.7%	222	6.5%	

Table 3.31: Work location of physiotherapists working in NSW, by Area Health Service - second job

Work location - s	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent Female
	Female		Male		Total				
Health Service									
Central Coast	16	3.4%	12	8.0%	28	4.5%			57.1%
Central Sydney	19	4.0%	25	16.7%	44	7.1%			43.2%
Hunter	29	6.1%	9	6.0%	38	6.1%			76.3%
Illawarra	19	4.0%	13	8.7%	32	5.1%			59.4%
Northern Sydney	116	24.5%	23	15.3%	139	22.3%			83.5%
South Eastern Sydney	98	20.7%	21	14.0%	119	19.1%			82.4%
South Western Sydney	31	6.5%	16	10.7%	47	7.5%			66.0%
Wentworth	7	1.5%	4	2.7%	11	1.8%			63.6%
Western Sydney	56	11.8%	10	6.7%	66	10.6%			84.8%
Total Metropolitan Areas	391	82.5%	133	88.7%	524	84.0%			74.6%
Far West	1	0.2%	-	0.0%	1	0.2%			100.0%
Greater Murray	14	3.0%	4	2.7%	18	2.9%			77.8%
Macquarie	5	1.1%	2	1.3%	7	1.1%			71.4%
Mid North Coast	8	1.7%	2	1.3%	10	1.6%			80.0%
Mid Western	10	2.1%	0	0.0%	10	1.6%			100.0%
New England	16	3.4%	1	0.7%	17	2.7%			94.1%
Northern Rivers	16	3.4%	7	4.7%	23	3.7%			69.6%
Southern	13	2.7%	0	0.0%	13	2.1%			100.0%
Total Rural Health Services	83	17.5%	16	10.7%	99	15.9%			83.8%
Interstate	0	0.0%	1	0.7%	1	0.2%			0.0%
Total	474	100.0%	150	100.0%	624	100.0%			76.0%
<i>Non response:</i>	15	3.1%	-	0%	15	2.3%			

Table 3.32: Predominant client age group-main job

Age group	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
0 - 12 years	265	10.1%	20	2.6%	285	8.4%			93.0%
13 - 18 years	76	2.9%	12	1.5%	88	2.6%			86.4%
19 - 64 years	788	30.0%	369	47.2%	1157	34.0%			68.1%
65+ years	499	19.0%	56	7.2%	555	16.3%			89.9%
Mixed age groups	952	36.3%	316	40.5%	1,268	37.3%			75.1%
No direct client contact	43	1.6%	8	1.0%	51	1.5%			84.3%
Total	2,623	100.0%	781	100.0%	3,404	100.0%			77.1%
<i>Non response:</i>	51	1.9%	10	1.3%	61	1.8%			

Table 3.33: Languages used professionally in client consultations

	Number of respondents	% of Total respondents
English Only	3292	96.4%
Greek	42	1.2%
Italian	39	1.1%
Vietnamese	24	0.7%
Chinese	60	1.8%
Cantonese	66	1.9%
Spanish	27	0.8%
Other	124	3.6%

Note: Individual respondents may be included in more than one category.

Table 3.34: Waiting time for standard first consultation

Wait time	No.		%		No.		%		No.		%	
	Private rooms		Public outpatient		Total							
1 day	1,007	71.7%	58	7.2%	1065	48.1%						
2-3 days	242	17.2%	50	6.2%	292	13.2%						
4-6 days	20	1.4%	15	1.8%	35	1.6%						
1 week	75	5.3%	127	15.7%	202	9.1%						
1-2 weeks	35	2.5%	166	20.5%	201	9.1%						
2 weeks - 1 month	9	0.6%	176	21.7%	185	8.4%						
5 weeks - 2 months	9	0.6%	71	8.8%	80	3.6%						
9 weeks - 3 months	4	0.3%	115	14.2%	119	5.4%						
3-6 months	1	0.1%	18	2.2%	19	0.9%						
6 months	1	0.1%	10	1.2%	11	0.5%						
> 6 months	1	0.1%	5	0.6%	6	0.3%						
Total	1,404	100.0%	811	100.0%	2215	100.0%						
<i>non response</i>	<i>2011</i>		<i>2,604</i>									

Note: The non response includes physiotherapists who worked in that setting, and those who did not and therefore the question was not applicable

Table 3.35: Waiting time for referral with a serious condition

Wait time	No.		%		No.		%		No.		%	
	Private rooms		Public outpatient		Total							
1 day	624	86.2%	358	45.8%	982	65.2%						
2-3 days	59	8.1%	175	22.4%	234	15.5%						
4-6 days	7	1.0%	29	3.7%	36	2.4%						
1 week	22	3.0%	143	18.3%	165	11.0%						
1-2 weeks	6	0.8%	54	6.9%	60	4.0%						
2 weeks - 1 month	3	0.4%	15	1.9%	18	1.2%						
5 weeks - 2 months	2	0.3%	4	0.5%	6	0.4%						
9 weeks - 3 months		0.0%		0.0%	0	0.0%						
3-6 months	1	0.1%	1	0.1%	2	0.1%						
6 months		0.0%		0.0%	0	0.0%						
> 6 months		0.0%	2	0.3%	2	0.1%						
Total	724	100.0%	781	100.0%	1505	100.0%						
<i>no response</i>	<i>2691</i>		<i>2,634</i>									

Note: The non response includes physiotherapists who worked in that setting, and those who did not and therefore the question was not applicable

Table 3.36: Level of initial physiotherapy qualification

Level of qualification	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
Certificate	124	38	5.1%	5.1%	162	162	5.1%	76.5%	
Diploma	784	59	32.2%	8.0%	843	843	26.5%	93.0%	
Bachelor degree	1,382	612	56.7%	82.7%	1,994	1,994	62.8%	69.3%	
Post graduate diploma	133	27	5.5%	3.6%	160	160	5.0%	83.1%	
Masters degree	5	3	0.2%	0.4%	8	8	0.3%	62.5%	
Doctoral	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	
Other	8	1	0.3%	0.1%	9	9	0.3%	88.9%	
Total	2,436	740	100.0%	100.0%	3,176	3,176	100.0%	76.7%	
<i>Non response to question</i>	188	51	7.2%	6.4%	239	239	7.0%		

Table 3.37: Level of 1st other physiotherapy qualification

Level of qualification	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
Certificate	94	19	17.6%	9.6%	113	113	15.5%	83.2%	
Diploma	15	10	2.8%	5.1%	25	25	3.4%	60.0%	
Bachelor degree	49	4	9.2%	2.0%	53	53	7.3%	92.5%	
Post graduate diploma	278	131	52.2%	66.5%	409	409	56.0%	68.0%	
Masters degree	74	26	13.9%	13.2%	100	100	13.7%	74.0%	
Doctoral	3	-	0.6%	0.0%	3	3	0.4%	100.0%	
Other	20	7	3.8%	3.6%	27	27	3.7%	74.1%	
Total	533	197	100.0%	100.0%	730	730	100.0%	73.0%	
<i>Non response to question</i>	2,091	594	79.7%	75.1%	2,685	2,685	78.6%		

Table 3.38: Level of 2nd other physiotherapy qualification

Level of qualification	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
Certificate	23	10	20.9%	19.2%	33	33	20.4%	69.7%	
Diploma	3	3	2.7%	5.8%	6	6	3.7%	50.0%	
Bachelor degree	2	1	1.8%	1.9%	3	3	1.9%	66.7%	
Post graduate diploma	38	19	34.5%	36.5%	57	57	35.2%	66.7%	
Masters degree	36	17	32.7%	32.7%	53	53	32.7%	67.9%	
Doctoral	3	0	2.7%	0.0%	3	3	1.9%	100.0%	
Other	5	2	4.5%	3.8%	7	7	4.3%	71.4%	
Total	110	52	100.0%	100.0%	162	162	100.0%	67.9%	
<i>Non response to question</i>	2514	739	95.8%	93.4%	3253	3253	95.3%		

Table 3.39: Level of 3rd other physiotherapy qualification

Level of qualification	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
Certificate	6	26.1%	4	44.4%	10	31.3%			60.0%
Diploma	1	4.3%	1	11.1%	2	6.3%			0.0%
Bachelor degree	1	4.3%	0	0.0%	1	3.1%			100.0%
Post graduate diploma	1	4.3%	0	0.0%	1	3.1%			100.0%
Masters degree	8	34.8%	3	33.3%	11	34.4%			72.7%
Doctoral	2	8.7%	1	11.1%	3	9.4%			66.7%
Other	4	17.4%	0	0.0%	4	12.5%			100.0%
Total	23	100.0%	9	100.0%	32	100.0%			71.9%
<i>Non response to questio.</i>	2601	99.1%	782	98.9%	3383	99.1%			

Table 3.40: Level of 4th other physiotherapy qualification

Level of qualification	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
Certificate	3	75.0%	2	100.0%	5	83.3%			60.0%
Diploma	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%			0.0%
Bachelor degree	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%			0.0%
Post graduate diploma	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%			0.0%
Masters degree	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%			0.0%
Doctoral	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%			0.0%
Other	1	25.0%	-	0.0%	1	16.7%			100.0%
Total	4	100.0%	2	100.0%	6	100.0%			66.7%
<i>Non response to questio.</i>	2620	99.8%	789	99.7%	3,409	99.8%			

Table 3.41: Level of other qualification

Level of qualification	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female		Male		Total				
Post Graduate Certificat	138	30.1%	34	16.1%	172	25.7%			80.2%
Graduate Diploma	114	24.9%	45	21.3%	159	23.8%			71.7%
Masters degree	87	19.0%	31	14.7%	118	17.6%			73.7%
Doctoral	5	1.1%	-	0.0%	5	0.7%			100.0%
Other	114	24.9%	101	47.9%	215	32.1%			53.0%
Total	458	100.0%	211	100.0%	669	100.0%			68.5%
<i>Non response to questio.</i>	2,166	82.5%	580	73.3%	2,746	80.4%			

Note: Certificate, Diploma & Bachelor degree not options for this question

Table 3.42: Year of completion of initial physiotherapy qualification

Year of qualification	No.		%		No.		%		Per cent female
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total	Total	Total		
1937	1	0	0.0%	0.0%	1	0.0%	100.0%		
1940	-	1	0.0%	0.1%	1	0.0%	0.0%		
1944	-	1	0.0%	0.1%	1	0.0%	0.0%		
1947	2	0	0.1%	0.0%	2	0.1%	100.0%		
1948	1	0	0.0%	0.0%	1	0.0%	100.0%		
1949	1	1	0.0%	0.1%	2	0.1%	50.0%		
1950	2	0	0.1%	0.0%	2	0.1%	100.0%		
1951	5	0	0.2%	0.0%	5	0.2%	100.0%		
1952	5	1	0.2%	0.1%	6	0.2%	83.3%		
1953	8	2	0.3%	0.3%	10	0.3%	80.0%		
1954	7	0	0.3%	0.0%	7	0.2%	100.0%		
1955	9	0	0.4%	0.0%	9	0.3%	100.0%		
1956	7	1	0.3%	0.1%	8	0.3%	87.5%		
1957	13	0	0.5%	0.0%	13	0.4%	100.0%		
1958	18	1	0.7%	0.1%	19	0.6%	94.7%		
1959	16	0	0.6%	0.0%	16	0.5%	100.0%		
1960	31	0	1.2%	0.0%	31	1.0%	100.0%		
1961	22	1	0.9%	0.1%	23	0.8%	95.7%		
1962	20	1	0.8%	0.1%	21	0.7%	95.2%		
1963	32	0	1.3%	0.0%	32	1.1%	100.0%		
1964	37	2	1.5%	0.3%	39	1.3%	94.9%		
1965	29	2	1.1%	0.3%	31	1.0%	93.5%		
1966	49	3	1.9%	0.4%	52	1.7%	94.2%		
1967	46	3	1.8%	0.4%	49	1.6%	93.9%		
1968	40	1	1.6%	0.1%	41	1.4%	97.6%		
1969	38	0	1.5%	0.0%	38	1.3%	100.0%		
1970	37	3	1.5%	0.4%	40	1.3%	92.5%		
1971	38	3	1.5%	0.4%	41	1.4%	92.7%		
1972	55	4	2.2%	0.5%	59	2.0%	93.2%		
1973	56	3	2.2%	0.4%	59	2.0%	94.9%		
1974	51	3	2.0%	0.4%	54	1.8%	94.4%		
1975	63	6	2.5%	0.8%	69	2.3%	91.3%		
1976	80	6	3.2%	0.8%	86	2.9%	93.0%		
1977	80	14	3.2%	1.8%	94	3.1%	85.1%		
1978	102	11	4.0%	1.4%	113	3.8%	90.3%		
1979	102	19	4.0%	2.5%	121	4.0%	84.3%		
1980	85	21	3.4%	2.7%	106	3.5%	80.2%		
1981	77	27	3.0%	3.5%	104	3.5%	74.0%		
1982	59	23	2.3%	3.0%	82	2.7%	72.0%		
1983	24	11	0.9%	1.4%	35	1.2%	68.6%		
1984	74	24	2.9%	3.1%	98	3.3%	75.5%		
1985	71	17	2.8%	2.2%	88	2.9%	80.7%		
1986	65	24	2.6%	3.1%	89	3.0%	73.0%		
1987	67	23	2.6%	3.0%	90	3.0%	74.4%		
1988	51	23	2.0%	3.0%	74	2.5%	68.9%		
1989	83	38	3.3%	4.9%	121	4.0%	68.6%		
1990	88	38	3.5%	4.9%	126	4.2%	69.8%		
1991	87	58	3.4%	7.5%	145	4.8%	60.0%		
1992	90	40	3.6%	5.2%	130	4.3%	69.2%		
1993	96	46	3.8%	6.0%	142	4.7%	67.6%		
1994	107	49	4.2%	6.3%	156	5.2%	68.6%		
1995	87	40	3.4%	5.2%	127	4.2%	68.5%		
1996	54	49	2.1%	6.3%	103	3.4%	52.4%		
1997	60	51	2.4%	6.6%	111	3.7%	54.1%		
1998	95	70	3.8%	9.1%	165	5.5%	57.6%		
1999	10	8	0.4%	1.0%	18	0.6%	55.6%		
Total	2533	773	100.0%	100.0%	3012	100.0%	84.1%		

Survey data have not been adjusted for unknown information (see p. 2)