

# GARDASIL(TM)

[Quadrivalent HPV (Types 6, 11, 16, 18) Recombinant Vaccine]

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## Consumer Medicine Information

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### What is in this leaflet

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This leaflet answers some common questions about GARDASIL. It does not contain all the available information. It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

All medicines and vaccines have risks and benefits. Your doctor has weighed the risks of your child or you being given GARDASIL against the benefits they expect it will have for your child or you.

**If you have any concerns about being given this vaccine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.**

**Keep this leaflet.**

You may need to read it again.

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### What GARDASIL is used for

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GARDASIL is a vaccine that helps prevent the following diseases caused by Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Types 6, 11, 16 and 18.

- \* cervical cancer (cancer of the lower end of the uterus or womb)
- \* abnormal and precancerous cervical lesions (changes in cells of the cervix which have a risk of turning into cancer) as found by a Pap test
- \* vulvar and vaginal (the outside of the female genitals) cancers
- \* genital warts
- \* HPV infection

GARDASIL works by causing the body to produce its own protection against the HPV Types 6, 11, 16 and 18 that cause the diseases listed above.

GARDASIL helps prevent, but does not treat these diseases. You cannot get these diseases from GARDASIL.

HPV is a common virus. Of the many different types of HPV, some are harmless and others can cause diseases of the genital areas. While most people clear the virus, those who do not can develop cervical cancer, precancerous lesions, or genital warts.

In the absence of vaccination, it is estimated that the majority of people who have ever had sex will become infected with HPV during their lifetime. A male or female of any age who has taken part in any kind of sexual activity that involved genital contact is at risk.

Most people who have Human Papillomavirus may not show any signs or symptoms. This means that they can transmit (pass on) the virus to others without knowing it.

Cancer of the cervix is a serious and sometimes life-threatening disease.

It begins when a female is infected with certain types of HPV. These types of HPV can cause the cells in the lining of the cervix to change from normal to precancerous lesions. If these are not treated, they can turn cancerous. You or your child cannot get cervical cancer without first having a HPV infection

Genital warts are caused by certain types of HPV. They commonly appear as skin-colored, irregular

growths. They are found on the inside or outside of the genitals in both males and females. They can hurt, itch, bleed, and cause discomfort. Sometimes they can come back after treatment.

It is possible to receive benefit from GARDASIL even if you have already been infected with HPV. In clinical studies for GARDASIL, some people had already had certain types of HPV that GARDASIL helps protect against. Talk to your doctor or health care provider for more information.

There are more than 100 HPV types: GARDASIL will not protect against all types. HPV Types 6, 11, 16 and 18 have been included in GARDASIL because they cause over 70% of cervical cancers and 90% of genital warts worldwide. As with any vaccine, GARDASIL may not fully protect everyone who gets the vaccine. Continue to follow your doctor or health care provider's instructions on regular Pap tests.

GARDASIL will not protect against diseases that are not caused by HPV.

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### Before GARDASIL is given

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GARDASIL works best when given before a person has become infected with certain types of HPV, but may also be of benefit if you or your child have had a previous infection. Therefore, you should talk with your doctor or health care provider to find out if GARDASIL is right for you or your child.

Males and females aged 9 to 15 years and females aged 16 to 26 years can receive GARDASIL.

### **When you or your child must not be given GARDASIL**

**Do not, or do not let your child have the vaccine if you or your child had an allergy to GARDASIL or any of the ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet.**

Do not, or do not let your child have the vaccine if you or your child has had an allergic reaction after receiving a dose of the vaccine.

Symptoms of allergic reaction include swelling of the face, lips, tongue, throat, difficulty in breathing or hives.

### **Before you or your child is given GARDASIL:**

You should tell your doctor or health care provider if you or your child:

- \* has had an allergic reaction to the vaccine
- \* has a bleeding disorder and cannot receive injections in the arm
- \* has any illness with a fever higher than 100 degrees F (37.8 degrees C)
- \* is pregnant or is planning to get pregnant
- \* takes or plans to take any medicines, including over the counter medicines
- \* has a weakened immune system, for example due to a genetic defect or Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection

If you have not told your doctor about any of the above, tell them before you or your child is given GARDASIL.

### **Taking other medicines**

**Tell your doctor if you or your child is taking any other medicines, including any that you buy without a prescription from your**

**pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.**

### **Use with other vaccines**

GARDASIL can be given at the same time as hepatitis B vaccine (recombinant); however the vaccine should not be mixed in the same syringe with any other vaccines or solutions.

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## **How GARDASIL is given**

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### **How much is given**

Each dose of GARDASIL is 0.5mL. The entire amount, 0.5mL, of the vial or syringe should be injected.

A complete course consists of three 0.5mL doses. (see Vaccination Schedule)

### **How GARDASIL is given**

GARDASIL is given as an injection into the muscle in your arm or leg (intramuscularly).

### **Vaccination Schedule**

You or your child will receive 3 doses of the vaccine. Ideally the doses are given as:

- \* First dose: at a date you and your doctor or health care provider choose
- \* Second dose: 2 months after the first dose
- \* Third dose: 6 months after the first dose

Make sure that you or your child gets all 3 doses. This allows you or your child to get the full benefits of GARDASIL. If you or your child misses a dose, your doctor or health care provider will decide when to give the missed dose.

### **If you or your child misses a dose**

Your doctor or health care provider will decide when to give the missed dose.

It is important that you follow the instructions of your doctor or health care provider regarding return visits for the follow-up doses.

Women who become pregnant before the completion of the 3-dose schedule should complete their vaccination schedule after childbirth.

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## **After you or your child has been given GARDASIL**

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### **Things you must do**

**Keep a record of the vaccinations and update this after each injection.**

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## **Side Effects**

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**Tell your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible if you or your child does not feel well during or after having had an injection of GARDASIL.**

GARDASIL helps protect from disease and infection due to HPV Types 6, 11, 16 and 18, but it may have unwanted side effects in a few people. All medicines and vaccines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not. You or your child may need medical treatment if they get some of the side effects.

**Ask your doctor or pharmacist to answer any questions you may have.**

**Tell your doctor if you or your child has any of the following and they are troublesome or ongoing:**

- \* Pain, tenderness or soreness at the injection site

- \* Local reaction around the injection site such as soreness, redness, swelling or bruising
  - \* Fever
  - \* Dizziness, nausea, and vomiting
- These are the more common side effects of GARDASIL. For the most part these have been mild. They usually improve or disappear within a few days.

Other less common side effects have been reported with GARDASIL, and some of these were serious. These included:

- \* Difficulty breathing (bronchospasm)

### **Fainting**

Fainting has been reported. Fainting can occur after vaccination, most commonly among adolescents and young adults. Although fainting episodes are uncommon, patients should be observed for 15 minutes after they receive HPV vaccination.

**If you or your child has any unusual or severe symptoms after receiving GARDASIL, contact your doctor or health care provider right away.**

Your doctor or health care provider has a more complete list of side effects for GARDASIL.

### **Allergic Reaction:**

As with all vaccines given by injection, there is a very small risk of a serious allergic reaction.

**Tell your doctor immediately or go to accident and emergency if you notice any of the following:**

- \* wheezing or shortness of breath
- \* swelling of the face, lips, mouth, throat or neck which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing
- \* swelling of the hands, feet, or ankles
- \* pinkish, itchy swellings on the skin, also called hives or nettlerash
- \* skin rash, itchiness

If you or your child has these, you or your child may have had a serious allergic reaction to GARDASIL. You or your child may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation. Most of these side effects occur within 15-30 minutes of vaccination, before you or your child leaves the doctor's surgery or clinic.

**Other side effects not listed above may also occur in some people. Tell your doctor if you notice any other effects.**

Do not be alarmed by this list of possible side effects. You or your child may not experience any of them.

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## **Storage**

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GARDASIL is usually stored in the doctor's surgery or clinic, or at the pharmacy. However if you need to store GARDASIL:

- \* **Keep it where children cannot reach it.**
- \* **Keep it in the fridge where the temperature is 2-8 degrees C.**
- \* **Do not freeze the vaccine.**
- \* **Protect the injection from light by keeping it in the original pack until it is time for it to be given.**
- \* **GARDASIL should not be used after the expiry date on the label**

**GARDASIL should be administered as soon as possible after being removed from refrigeration. When out of refrigeration at room temperature, or below 25 degrees C, administration may be delayed for up to 3 days.**

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## **Product description**

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### **What it looks like**

GARDASIL is a cloudy white liquid in a glass syringe or vial.

### **Ingredients**

The active ingredients of GARDASIL are highly purified inactive proteins from HPV Types 6, 11, 16 and 18.

Inactive ingredients:

- \* Aluminium (as amorphous aluminium hydroxyphosphate sulfate adjuvant)
- \* Sodium chloride
- \* L-histidine
- \* Polysorbate 80
- \* Borax
- \* Water for injection

### **Supplier**

GARDASIL is supplied:

In Australia by:  
 CSL Limited  
 45 Poplar Road  
 PARKVILLE VIC 3052

In New Zealand by:  
 CSL (NZ) Ltd  
 590 Central Park  
 Penrose  
 AUCKLAND

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